IN THE CLAIMS:

For the Examiner's convenience, all claims currently pending have been reproduced below.

- 1. (Previously Presented) A method of treating acute and chronic myeloid leukemia (AML & CML) and lymphoid leukemia, in a mammal, in order to obtain a percentage growth inhibition of at least one of promonocyte cells, Erythroleukemia cells, or CML's leukemic cells, said method comprising administering a pharmaceutical composition that is a synergistic combination consisting essentially of a pharmaceutically effective amount of chlorogenic acid (CA) and 3-o-p-Coumaryl quinic acid (PCQ) isolated from any plant parts of *Piper betel* or any other source, optionally along with pharmaceutically acceptable additives.
- 2. (**Original**) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein, CA and PCQ both are isolated from any plant parts of *Piper betel* or are synthetically prepared.
- 3. (**Previously Presented**) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the selected mammal is a human being.
- 4. (**Original**) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein, the additive is selected from a group consisting of nutrients such as proteins, carbohydrates, sugars, talc, magnesium stearate,

cellulose, calcium carbonate, starch-gelatin paste and/or pharmaceutically acceptable carriers,

excipient, diluents or solvents.

5. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein ratio of CA and PCQ

present in the composition ranging from 1:1 to 1:10.

6. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the said composition is

administered to the mammal through oral, intravenous, intramuscular or subcutaneous routes.

7. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein said composition is

administered to the mammal at dose levels between 1 to 50 mg per kg body weight at least once

in a day.

8. (Previously Presented) A method, of treating acute and chronic myeloid leukemia (AML &

CML) and lymphoid leukemia, in a mammal, in order to obtain a percentage growth inhibition of

at least one of promonocyte cells, Erythroleukemia cells, or CML's leukemic cells, said method

comprising administering a pharmaceutical composition, consisting essentially of a

pharamaceutically effective amount of cholorogenic acid (CA) isolated from any plant parts of

Piper betel or any other source, optionally along with pharmaceutically acceptable additives

wherein the percentage growth inhibition of Erythroleukemia cells is up to about 30% with CA.

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9. (Previously Presented) A method of treating acute and chronic myeloid leukemia (AML &

CML) and lymphoid leukemia, in a mammal, in order to obtain a percentage growth inhibition of

at least one of promonocyte cells, Erythroleukemia cells, or CML's leukemic cells, said method

comprising administering a pharmaceutical composition, consisting essentially of a

pharamaceutically effective amount of 3-o-p-Coumaryl quince acid (PCQ) isolated from any

plant parts of *Piper betel* or any other source, optionally along with pharmaceutically acceptable

additives, wherein the percentage growth inhibition of Erythroleukemia cells is up to about 8%

with PCQ.

10. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the percentage growth

inhibition of Erythroleukemia cells is about 50% with CA and PCQ used in combination.

11. (**Previously Presented**) A method as claimed in claim 8, wherein the percentage growth

inhibition of promonocyte cells is about 25% with CA.

12. (**Previously Presented**) A method as claimed in claim 9, wherein the percentage growth

inhibition of promonocyte cells is about 5% with PCQ.

13. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the percentage growth

inhibition of promonocyte cells is about 55% with CA and PCQ used in combination.

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14. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 8, wherein the percentage growth

inhibition of CML's leukemic cells is about 5% with CA.

15. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 9, wherein the percentage growth

inhibition of CML's leukemic cells is about 5% with PCQ.

16. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the percentage growth

inhibition of CML's leukemic cells is about 25% with CA and PCQ used in combination.

17. (Previously Presented) A method as claimed in claim 1, wherein the percentage growth

inhibition of leukemic cells is increased by increasing the concentration and time duration of

exposure to CA and PCQ.

18. (Cancelled)